



**PELTEC**  
Timers & Controls

**235, 237, 239, 264**

## VOLTAGE MONITORING RELAYS IN 1P – AC/DC

- It is used to monitor the value of alternating or direct voltage in 1-phase circuits.
- Supply voltage from monitored voltage.
- Monitors voltage exceeding the upper voltage level (Umax) and falling below the lower voltage level (Umin) – according to the selected function.
- Smooth adjustment of both voltage levels – the lower level Umin is set in % of the upper level Umax.
- Adjustable time delay (to eliminate short-term voltage drops and spikes).
- Option to select functions with fault state memory (Latch).
- The fault state memory can be reseted by the control input (R).
- Measures true root mean square value of the voltage - TRUE RMS.
- Type HRN-32/2 has an independent output contact for each voltage level.
- UL approval E352333



**235**



**237, 239, 264**

## TECHNICAL PARAMETERS



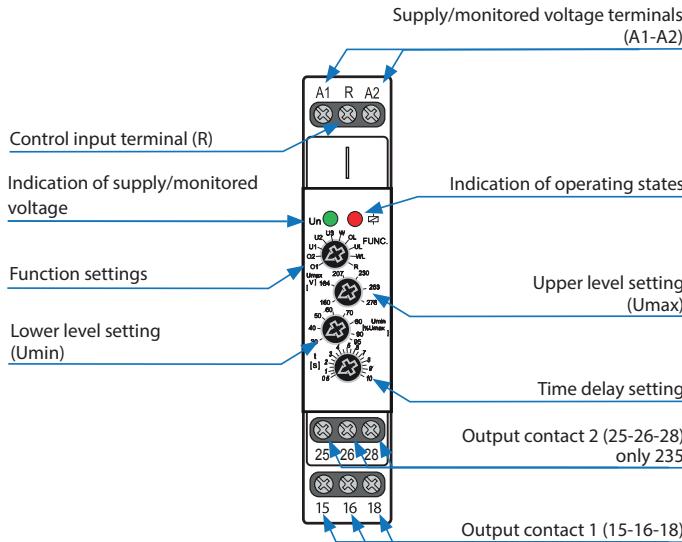
SUPPLY & MEASURING				
Previous Part Number:	<b>235, 263</b>	<b>237, 267</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>234, 264</b>
Current Part Numbers	<b>235</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>264</b>
Supply terminals:	A1-A2	A1-A2	A1-A2	A1-A2
Supply voltage:	AC/DC-48-276V (AC 50-60 Hz)	AC/DC-24-150V (AC 50-60 Hz)	AC/DC-48-276V (AC 50-60 Hz)	DC 6-30V
Consumption (max):	2.7 VA/ 0.65 W	2.5 VA/ 0.55 W	2.5 VA/ 0.55 W	0.35 W
Upper level setting (Umax):	AC/DC 160-276 V	AC/DC 80-150 V	AC/DC 160-276 V	DC 12-30V
Lower level setting (Umin):	30 - 95% Umax	30 - 95% Umax	30 - 95% Umax	50 - 95% Umax
Max. permanent voltage:	AC/DC 276 V	AC/DC 276 V	AC/DC 276 V	DC 36 V
Peak overload (1 s):	AC/DC 290 V	AC/DC 290 V	AC/DC 290 V	DC 48 V
Time delay (d):	300 ms			
Time delay (t):	adjustable, 0.5 - 10 s			

ACCURACY	
Setting accuracy (mech.):	5 % – mechanical setting
Repeat accuracy:	< 1 %
Temperature dependance:	< 0.1 % / °C (°F)
Hysteresis (fault to OK):	5 % (functions O1, U1, W) Umax – Umin (functions O2, U2, U3)

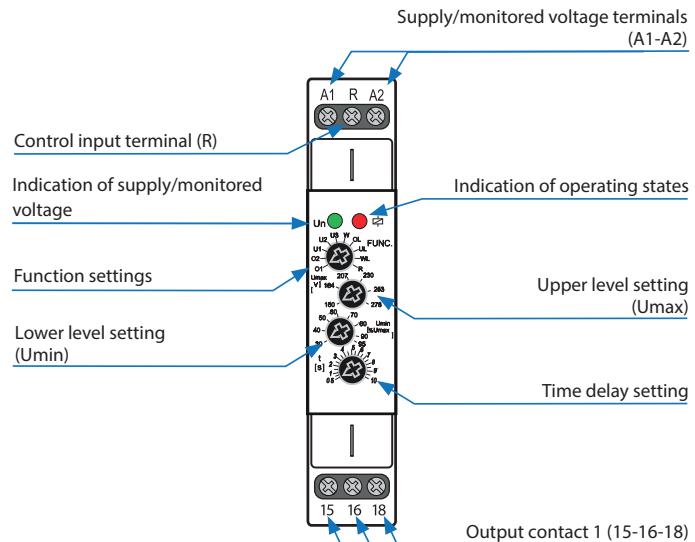
OUTPUT				
Contact type:	1x changeover for each level	1x changeover 2x changeover	1x changeover 2x changeover	1x changeover 2x changeover
Contact material:	AgNi			
Current rating:	16 A/AC1			
Breaking capacity:	4000 VA/AC1, 384 W/DC1			
Switching voltage:	250 V AC/24 V DC			
Power dissipation (max.):	1.2 W			
Mechanical life:	10,000,000 ops.			
Electrical life (AC1):	100,000 ops.			

OTHER INFORMATION	
Operating temperature:	-20 .. +55 °C (-4 .. 131 °F)
Storage temperature:	-30 .. +70 °C (-22 .. 158 °F)
Dielectric strength:	AC 4 kV (supply – output)
Operating position:	any
Mounting:	DIN rail EN 60715
Protection degree:	IP40 front panel / IP20 terminals
Oversupply category:	III.
Pollution degree:	2
Cross-wire section:	Solid (mm <sup>2</sup> ): max. 1x 2.5, 2x 1.5 Stranded w/ ferrule (mm <sup>2</sup> ): max. 1x 2.5 (AWG 14)
Dimensions:	90 × 17.6 × 64mm (3.5" × 0.7" × 2.5")
Weight:	77g (2.72oz)   60g (2.11 oz)   60g (2.11 oz)   60g (2.11 oz)
Standards:	EN 60255-1, EN 60255-26, EN 60255-27

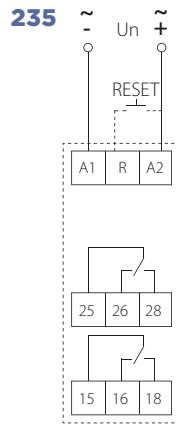
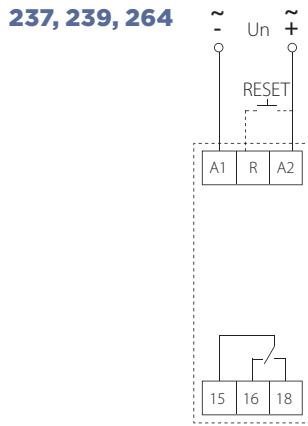
### FEATURES :: 235



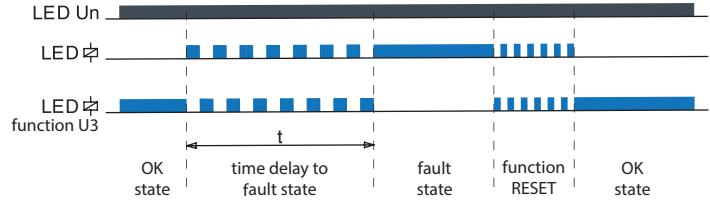
### FEATURES :: 237, 239, 264



### CONNECTION



### OPERATING STATES



#### Fault memory reset can be done in three ways:

- Short-term interruption of supply voltage
- Using the control input (R)
- By setting the function switch to position R (RESET) or any function without memory fault.

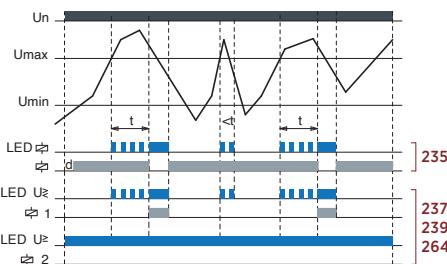
The RESET state lasts for 3 s after switching the function switch from the R position to a function with a memory fault (UL, OL, WL).

When moving to any other function from the R position, this delay does not apply.

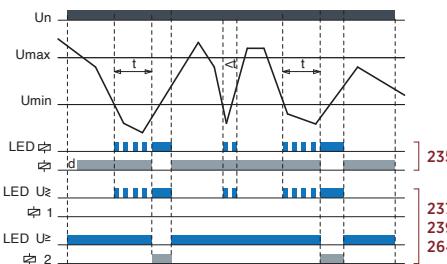
Type of load	cos $\varphi \geq 0.95$ AC1	AC2	AC3	AC5a uncompensated	AC5a compensated	AC5b	AC6a	AC7b	AC12
mat. contacts AgNi, contact 16A	250V / 16A	250V / 5A	250V / 3A	230V / 3A (690VA)	X	800W	X	250V / 3A	250V / 10A
Type of load	AC13	AC14	AC15	DC1	DC3	DC5	DC12	DC13	DC14
mat. contacts AgNi, contact 16A	250V / 6A	250V / 6A	250V / 6A	24V / 16A	24V / 6A	24V / 4A	24V / 16A	24V / 2A	24V / 2A

### FUNCTION

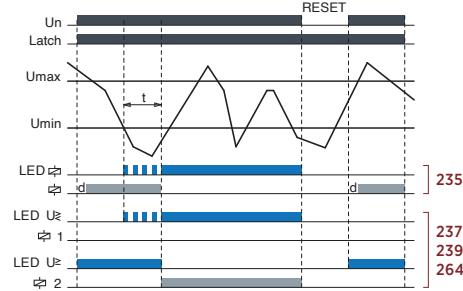
#### 01 OVER (hysteresis 5%)



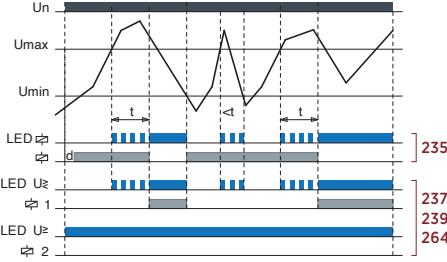
#### U1 UNDER (hysteresis 5%)



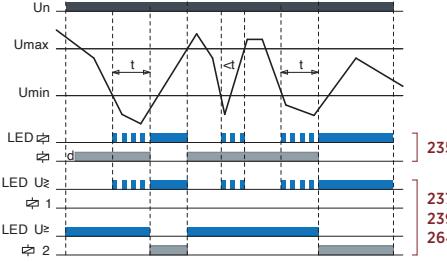
#### UL UNDER + Latch



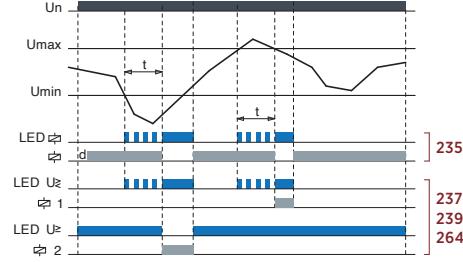
#### 02 OVER (hysteresis to $U_{min}$ )



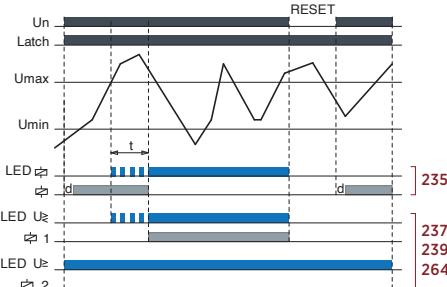
#### U2 UNDER (hysteresis to $U_{max}$ )



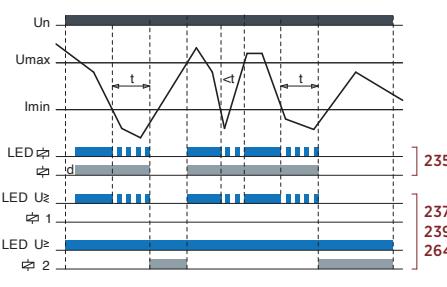
#### W WINDOW (hysteresis 5%)



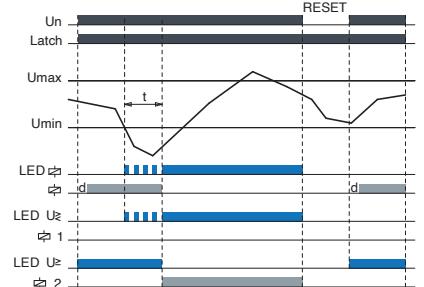
#### OL OVER + Latch



#### U3 UNDER (hysteresis to $U_{max}$ )



#### WL WINDOW + Latch



### OVER

If the value of the monitored voltage is lower than the set upper level " $U_{max}$ ", the output contact is closed. If the " $U_{max}$ " is exceeded, the output contact will open after the set delay (fault state).

If the voltage falls below the fixed hysteresis (O1 function) or the set lower level " $U_{min}$ " (O2 function), the output contact will close again.

If the OL function (OVER + Latch) is selected, when the upper voltage level " $U_{max}$ " is exceeded, the output contact remains open even when the voltage returns from the fault state.

### UNDER

If the value of the monitored voltage is higher than the set lower level " $U_{min}$ ", the output contact is closed. When the voltage drops below the " $U_{min}$ ", output contact opens after the set delay (fault state).

If the voltage exceeds the fixed hysteresis (function U1) or the set upper level " $U_{max}$ " (function U2, U3), the output contact closes again.

If the UL function (UNDER + Latch) is selected, when the voltage drops below the lower level " $U_{min}$ ", the output contact remains open even when returning from the fault state. Fault memory reset can be done as in the previous case.

### OVER

If the value of the monitored voltage is lower than upper level " $U_{max}$ " and at the same time higher than lower level " $U_{min}$ ", the output contact is closed. If the " $U_{max}$ " is exceeded or drops below the " $U_{min}$ ", output contact opens after the set delay (fault state).

To return from the fault state, a fixed hysteresis is applied.

If the WL function (WINDOW + Latch) is selected, the fault state is again stored in memory and output contact stays open, even when returning from the fault state. Fault memory reset can be done as in the previous cases.